## 264 SOME CUSTOMS OF THE PELEW **ISLANDERS** NOTEIV

Other cases of the inter-

intended to disguise the wearers against demons, we compare tlie practice of the Lycian men, who regularly wore dress

female costume.

Con-

clusion.

women's in Burning; for this might be Intended to conceal them from ghost, just as perhaps for a similar reason some used to descend into pits and remain there for several shunning the light of the sun, whenever a death had taken place the family.2 A similar desire to deceive spirits may perhaps explain device which the Loeboes, a primitive tribe of Sumatra, when wish to obtain male or female offspring. If parents several sons and desire that the next child shall be a girl, dress boys as girls, cut their hair after the girlish fashion, hang laces round their necks. On the contrary, when they daughters and wish to have a son, they dress the girls up as boys.3

The systemat prostitution of unmarrie girls for hire in the Pelew Islands seems to be a form of sexual communism and of group. marriage

On the whole we conclude that the custom of men dressing women and of women dressing as men has been practised from variety of superstitious motives, among which the principal seem to be the wish to please certain powerful spirits deceive others.

## § 2. Prostitution of Unmarried Girls

Like many peoples of Western Asia in antiquity, Islanders systematically prostitute their unmarried for Hence, just as in Lyclia and Cyprus of old, the damsels are source of income to their family, and women wait **Impatiently** the time when their young daughters will be able to the household by their earnings. Indeed the mother regularly anticipates time by depriving the girl of her virginity with her Hence the theory that the prostitution of unmarried device is to destroy their virginity without risk to their husbands just inapplicable to the Pelew Islanders as we have Ιt to be the peoples of Western Asia in antiquity. When a girl thus been prepared for her vocation by her mother, sells her

favour own exogamous clan; but she never s to all grants her favours to the same man twice. the Accordingly in every men of village of the Pelew Islands it may be taken as her certain that the village men and women know each other carnally, except who that members of the same clan are debarred from each other by can pay for the exogamy.<sup>5</sup> Thus a well-marked form of sexual them communism, limited and only by the exogamous prohibitions which attach to the who do not clans, prevails belong among these people. Nor is this communism restricted to her to the inhabit-

<sup>1</sup> Plutarch, ConsolatioadApolloniitm^ 22 ; Valerius Maximus, ii. 6. 13. <sup>2</sup> Plutarch, Lc.

<sup>3</sup> J, Kreemer, "De Loeboes in Mandailing," Bijdragen tot de TaalLand- en Volkenkmide van Nederlandsch-Indie, Ixvi. (1912) p. 317.

<sup>4</sup> J. Kubary, Die socialen Einrichtungen der Pelaiier^ pp. 50 sq,

<sup>6</sup> J. Kubary, op. tit. p. 51.